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# MONTANA



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## 1976

# *Annual Report*

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

Agricultural Stabilization and Conservation Service

BOZEMAN, MONTANA



## ACKNOWLEDGMENT

The cover picture is a pen and ink sketch by C. M. Russell entitled "About the Third Jump, Con Loosens."

The sketch is in the Mackay collection, and is used through the courtesy of the Montana Historical Society.

## ACKNOWLEDGMENT

The cover picture is a postcard photo of  
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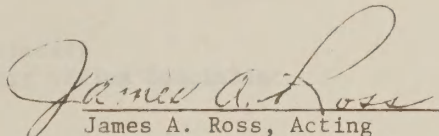


## FOREWORD

The year 1976 saw a continued de-emphasis of producer oriented farm programs. With the philosophy of a market-oriented agricultural economy the administration placed its emphasis on finding increased overseas markets to utilize our surplus production.

The following pages summarize the programs administered by the State and county Agricultural Stabilization and Conservation Service committees and the extent to which they were utilized by producers.

July 22, 1977

  
James A. Ross, Acting  
State Executive Director

## FOREWORD

A book is a record of the thoughts of a man. It is a record of the thoughts of a man who has lived, and who has thought, and who has written. It is a record of the thoughts of a man who has lived, and who has thought, and who has written. It is a record of the thoughts of a man who has lived, and who has thought, and who has written.

The following is a list of the names of the authors of the books in this series. The names are arranged in alphabetical order. The names are arranged in alphabetical order. The names are arranged in alphabetical order. The names are arranged in alphabetical order.

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1911



## 1976 STATE OFFICE PERSONNEL

### MONTANA STATE ASC COMMITTEE

David L. McClure, Chairman  
Arnold L. Lightner, Member  
Roger J. Lee, Member  
Dr. Carl Hoffman, Ex-Officio Member

### STATE EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR

Leo S. Kolstad  
Marjorie E. Williams, Secretary  
Sidney I. Turnquist, County Office Specialist

### District Directors

Fred A. Allen  
Dale T. Nerlin  
Lyll R. Schaefer  
Andrew H. Schilling  
Carl F. Wohlgenant, Jr.

### ADMINISTRATIVE DIVISION

Max P. Maberry, Administrative Officer  
Bertina I. Jerke, Administrative Assistant  
Patricia L. Hahn, Clerk-Steno  
Delmer M. Knox, Offset Press Operator  
Eleanor A. Lund, Worker-Trainee

### REAP/PRICE SUPPORT

Anthony F. Geis, Agricultural Program Specialist  
John R. Flattum, Agricultural Program Specialist  
Shirley L. Clark, Program Clerk

### PRODUCTION ADJUSTMENT & COMPLIANCE

James A. Ross, Agricultural Program Specialist



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# ADMINISTRATIVE

## NET ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSE

1976 Fiscal Year

<u>County Office</u>	<u>Expense</u>
Beaverhead	\$ 24,606
Big Horn	57,272
Blaine	54,598
Broadwater	32,352
Carbon	38,289
Carter	18,536
Cascade	50,024
Chouteau	56,875
Custer	36,391
Daniels	53,725
Dawson	64,302
Fallon	39,044
Fergus	72,295
Flathead	39,669
Gallatin	64,851
Garfield	28,470
Glacier	37,687
Hill	66,791
Jefferson	32,792
Judith Basin	41,186
Lake	31,764
Lewis & Clark	24,609
Liberty	39,320
McCone	44,293
Missoula	29,873
Musselshell	27,708
Park	30,016
Phillips	37,500
Pondera	54,462
Powder River	27,118
Powell	47,205
Prairie	22,332
Ravalli	27,197
Richland	58,721
Roosevelt	45,515
Rosebud	45,901
Sanders	32,067
Sheridan	59,691
Stillwater	36,655
Sweet Grass	23,003
Teton	63,622
Toole	63,877
Valley	44,952
Wheatland	42,606
Wibaux	34,522
Yellowstone	49,469
TOTAL	\$ 1,953,754
Expenses paid by SO for counties	36,294
	<u>\$ 1,990,047</u>



DATA ON ELECTIONS HELD IN 1975

FOR TERMS BEGINNING JANUARY 1, 1976

<u>County</u>	<u>Number of Communities</u>	<u>No. of Eligible Voters</u>	<u>No. of Ballots Counted</u>	<u>Percent Voting</u>
Beaverhead	1	237	81	34.2
Big Horn	6	1,071	201	18.8
Blaine	4	1,124	333	29.6
Broadwater	1	458	195	42.6
Carbon	6	1,037	327	31.5
Carter	3	534	199	37.3
Cascade	7	1,696	569	33.5
Chouteau	1	2,117	664	31.4
Custer	6	623	240	38.5
Daniels	3	755	416	55.1
Dawson	3	1,261	336	26.6
Deer Lodge	1	128	49	38.3
Fallon	3	598	274	45.8
Fergus	11	1,569	475	30.3
Flathead	5	1,447	499	34.5
Gallatin	3	1,053	280	26.6
Garfield	4	400	148	37.0
Glacier	3	1,364	91	6.7
Golden Valley	3	492	155	31.5
Granite	1	303	100	31.9
Hill	4	1,489	640	43.0
Jefferson	1	235	75	31.9
Judith Basin	9	539	238	44.2
Lake	4	1,964	363	18.5
Lewis & Clark	3	613	160	26.1
Liberty	5	711	269	37.8
Lincoln	1	398	118	29.6
McCone	3	1,224	428	35.0
Madison	3	471	114	24.2
Meagher	1	386	100	25.9
Mineral	1	138	49	35.5
Missoula	1	954	178	18.7
Musselshell	3	673	166	24.7
Park	1	798	192	24.1
Petroleum	1	180	65	36.1
Phillips	9	694	237	34.1
Pondera	5	1,418	505	35.6
Powder River	7	533	187	35.1
Powell	1	379	135	35.6
Prairie	3	439	162	36.9
Ravalli	1	1,920	283	14.7
Richland	4	1,453	471	32.4
Roosevelt	13	2,326	671	28.8
Rosebud	5	1,101	239	21.7
Sanders	4	549	175	31.9
Sheridan	4	1,834	583	31.8
Silver Bow	1	121	40	33.1
Stillwater	7	1,071	474	44.3
Sweet Grass	1	489	169	34.6
Teton	13	1,462	573	39.2
Toole	5	800	280	35.0
Treasure	1	335	96	28.7
Valley	3	1,578	559	35.4
Wheatland	1	503	126	25.0
Wibaux	3	419	175	41.8
Yellowstone	5	1,703	400	23.5
TOTALS	212	50,167	15,327	30.6



# AGRICULTURAL CONSERVATION PROGRAM

The Agricultural Conservation Program (ACP) is authorized by the Soil Conservation and Domestic Allotment Act of 1936, as amended. Funds for the program are authorized annually by the Congress and \$175 million was appropriated for the 1976 ACP.

In 1976 Congress appropriated an additional \$15 million to be used to provide relief for wind erosion problems in the ten Great Plains States which includes Montana. In Montana these funds were allocated to the 39 designated Great Plains Conservation Program counties. These counties are all located East of the Continental Divide. Five practices were offered under this special wind erosion effort. They were: Field Windbreaks, Seeding Grass, Stripcropping, Tall Wheatgrass Barriers, and Livestock Water Developments.

ACP funds are used to share the costs with farmers and ranchers to carry out approved soil, water, woodland, and wildlife conservation practices on their land to help maintain the productive capacity of American agriculture. Emphasis is given to enduring practices.

Farmer elected county ASC committees, working with other USDA agencies and other interested persons in the county, had full authority to select the practices offered in the county's program.

All agricultural producers were eligible to apply for ACP cost-sharing. The cost-share levels varied from 50 percent to a maximum of 75 percent of the cost of performing approved practices. Practices must be completed according to recognized standards and specifications developed by Montana State University, the Soil Conservation Service or U.S. Forest Service, depending on the type of practice.

Long Term Agreements (LTA's). For the third consecutive year, long term agreements were authorized in all counties West of the Continental Divide plus Beaverhead, Jefferson, Madison, Gallatin, Lewis & Clark, and Park Counties (counties where the Great Plains Conservation Program is not authorized).

Under an LTA, a conservation plan of operations is developed by the farmer and Soil Conservation Service and approved by the local Conservation District. Agreements are jointly approved by the farmer and the ASC county committee. LTA's are available for periods of three to ten years. All funds for the entire period of agreements were required to be set aside from 1976 ACP county allocations.

Emergency Conservation Measures (ECM). Emergency Conservation Measures are authorized by Public Law 85-58. This law provides for the allocation of emergency funds to share with farmers and ranchers the cost of rehabilitating farmlands damaged by tornadoes, floods and other natural disasters.

An ECM program was authorized in 27 Montana counties in 1975 to restore damage from prolonged high water on streams and lowland flooding. It was not possible to complete restoration measures in 1975 so much of the work was performed in 1976. In addition, local flooding in Roosevelt and Sweet Grass Counties occurred in 1976.



A tabulation of accomplishments and cost-shares paid under the 1976 ACP, including LTA's, and ECM follows. Starting in 1976 a major change was initiated in reporting accomplishments and cost shares paid. The ACP and ECM data shown is the actual cost shares paid to farmers in calendar year 1976. Many of the 1976 ACP practices were not completed and paid until 1977. Data for these practices will be included in the 1977 annual report.

Prior to 1976, ASCS county offices estimated statistical data for those carry-over practices not completed during the calendar year. This data was added to that for completed practices to constitute the annual report.

The new method of reporting will show fewer accomplishments and cost-shares the first year but once the system is fully instituted it will accurately reflect program activity.



PRACTICE SUMMARY - 1976 PROGRAM YEAR

POOLING AGREEMENTS - REGULAR ACP

Number of agreements	42
Number of farms participating	273
Cost-Shares	185,139

PRACTICE SUMMARY -- REGULAR ACP

Prac- tice No.	Practice	No. Farms	Unit	No. Units	Cost-Shares (Exclude SCI)
RE-1	Est. Perm. Vegetative Cover	851	Acre	43,685	\$ 490,708
RE-2	Improving Perm. Vegetative Cover	185	Acre	180,140	145,833
RE-3	Planting Trees	1	Acre	2	45
RE-4	Improving a Stand of Forest Trees	44	Acre	832	39,787
RE-5	Water Impoundment Reservoirs	86	A. Srvd Number	67,283 102	98,610
RE-6	Stripcropping	104	Acre	26,115	50,153
RE-7	Constructing Terrace Systems	1	A. Srvd	98	468
RE-8	Diversion	60	A. Srvd	4,424	59,091
RE-9	Streambank Stabilization	50	A. Srvd	3,245	69,010
RE-10	Permanent Wildlife Habitat	5	A. Srvd	739	3,305
RE-11	Sediment Retention, Erosion, Water Control Structures	39	A. Srvd Number	5,323 8	13,758
RE-12	Sediment, Chemical or Water Runoff Control Measures	59	A. Srvd	10,343	31,115
RE-13	Windbreaks or Shelterbelts	29	A. Srvd	1,420	8,165
RE-14	Reorganizing Irrigation Systems	659	A. Srvd	61,287	828,082
SB-4	Mechanical Treatment of Noncrop Grazing Land	4	Acre	1,082	3,246
SB-5	Livestock Water Facilities	220	A. Srvd Number	207,675 311	198,914
SB-11	Constructing Stock Trails	2	A. Srvd	2,760	361
SB-12	Controlling Noxious Weeds	594	Acre	39,648	267,112
SC-9	Permanent Open Drainage Systems	43	A. Srvd	3,059	25,124
SC-10	Underground Drainage Systems	22	A. Srvd	748	28,133
SC-11	Land Shaping or Grading	5	A. Srvd	28	1,100
SC-17	Subsoiling	1	Acre	85	638

(Cont. on next page)

PRACTICE SUMMARY - 1976 PROGRAM YEAR

PRACTICE SUMMARY - REGULAR ACP					
Practice No.	Practice	No. Farms	Unit	No. Units	Cost-Shares (Exclude SCI)
S-1	Animal Waste Storage & Diversion Facilities	24	Number	27	\$ 41,236
S-L	Disposal Pits for Solid Waste	5	Number	6	1,411
S-1	Conservation Tillage	1	Acre	38	479
S-4	Renovating Field Windbreaks	7	Acre	14	3,695
S-8	Tall Wheatgrass Row Barriers	3	A. Srvd	1,225	1,360
S-9	Saline Seep Control Measures	23	A. Srvd	1,230	9,698
S-14	Improving Rural Land Resources	5	Acre	188	1,056
WE-1	Establishing Field Windbreaks	1	A. Srvd	1,920	1,427
WE-2	Establishing Vegetative Cover	28	Acre	1,538	18,780
WE-3	Establishing Stripcropping System	49	Acre	19,364	32,969
WE-5	Livestock Water Facilities	57	A. Srvd	49,212	66,750
TOTALS		2,890			\$ 2,542,619

PRACTICE SUMMARY - 1976 PROGRAM YEAR

PRACTICE SUMMARY - LONG TERM AGREEMENTS					
Practice No.	Practice	No. Farms	Unit	No. Units	Cost-Shares (Exclude SCI)
RE-1	Est. Perm. Vegetative Cover	39	Acre	1,530	\$ 23,350
RE-2	Improving Perm. Vegetative Cover	6	Acre	2,863	4,391
RE-3	Planting Trees	1	Acre	4	779
RE-4	Improving a Stand of Forest Trees	5	Acre	65	4,856
RE-5	Water Impoundment Reservoirs	2	A. Srvd Number	139 2	2,890
RE-6	Stripcropping	1	Acre	55	110
RE-9	Streambank Stabilization	1	A. Srvd	80	4,500
RE-10	Permanent Wildlife Habitat	2	A. Srvd	55	268
RE-14	Reorganizing Irrigation Systems	25	A. Srvd	5,776	52,910
SB-5	Livestock Water Facilities	1	A. Srvd Number	320 1	249
S-I	Animal Waste Storage & Diversion Facilities	2	Number	2	3,317
TOTALS		68			\$ 97,620

PRACTICE SUMMARY - EMERGENCY CONSERVATION MEASURES					
EC-1	Removing Debris from Farm Land	22	A. Srvd	1,722	108,245
EC-2	Grading, Shaping, Releveling or Similar Measures	26	A. Srvd	1,901	83,615
EC-3	Restoring Permanent Fences	34	A. Srvd	23,795	368,573
EC-4	Restoring Structures & Other	37	A. Srvd	9,811	70,377
TOTALS		119			\$ 630,810





## BEEKEEPER INDEMNITY PROGRAM

The Beekeeper Indemnity Payment Program provides for payments to beekeepers who, through no fault of their own, suffer losses of honey bees due to the application of USDA approved pesticides.

Beekeepers applying for indemnification under this program must establish that the loss was caused solely by the use of pesticides near or adjacent to his apiary and occurred without his fault, that he took all reasonable precautions to protect his bees from exposure, and that he took reasonable action to minimize the bee loss to the extent that such action was feasible.

Payments were based on the degree of loss as follows:

- 1 \$22.50 for each colony destroyed
- 2 \$15.00 for each colony severely damaged
- 3 \$ 7.50 for each colony moderately damaged
- 4 \$ 7.50 for each queen nucleus destroyed

The severity of loss was determined by qualified bee inspectors. No payment was made for honey production losses.

<u>County</u>	<u>Number of Claims</u>	<u>Indemnity</u>
Big Horn	1	\$ 1,042.50
Blaine	1	442.50
Fergus-Petroleum	1	255.00
Meagher	1	1,255.00
Powder River	1	765.00
<u>TOTALS</u>	<u>5</u>	<u>\$ 3,760.00</u>





## COMMODITY LOANS & PURCHASES

Price support loans and purchases are basic methods of making price support available to agricultural producers. Other methods of support include direct purchases and payments.

Loan programs enable producers to exercise greater independence in their marketing operations. They give farmers the opportunity to spread out marketings over a larger part of the year by holding their crops and still obtain ready cash for immediate needs. If the opportunity does not arise for the producer to profitably pay off his loan and sell the grain on the open market, the loan may be satisfied in full by paying the service fee and turning the collateral over to the Commodity Credit Corporation.

Price support in the form of loans and purchase agreements was available on wheat, barley, oats, rye and corn. Honey could be offered for purchase by CCC. Price support was not offered on flaxseed and dry edible beans in 1975.

Loans may be obtained in grain stored either on farms or in warehouses. Generally, loans on farm-stored grains are made at the county basic price support loan rate on a maximum of 90 percent of the measured quantity of grain in storage. A protein premium may be obtained on farm-stored wheat if the producer requests it and pays for sampling and testing. If farm-stored grain is delivered to Commodity Credit Corporation at maturity date in settlement of a loan or purchase agreement settlement is computed on the basis of the actual quantity and quality of grain delivered.

Loans are made on grain stored in warehouses on the basis of the actual quantity and quality of the grain as represented by the warehouse receipt.

Resale loans were not authorized for the 1976-77 storage period for any commodity.

## STORAGE FACILITY LOANS

The Farm Storage & Drying Equipment Loan Program is designed to help producers provide adequate on-farm facilities for storage & handling of at least one year's production. With sufficient storage, a producer may hold his grain, take a price support loan if necessary, and wait for the best possible marketing opportunity. A combination of adequate storage and price support helps producers spread marketing over the year & relieves pressure on transportation and commercial storage facilities at harvest time.

Basically, the FS-DE Loan Program offers producers loans up to 70% (but not to exceed \$25,000) of the cost of building or acquiring needed storage facilities & dryers. Needs are determined on the basis of one year's production.

Interest  
semiannual

on these loans, although subject to the adjustment provisions of the program, remained constant at a rate of 7.5% for the 1976 calendar year.



# THE HISTORY OF THE

REIGN OF KING CHARLES THE FIRST

IN WHICH ARE CONTAINED  
THE  
MOST IMPORTANT AND INTERESTING  
CIRCUMSTANCES OF HIS REIGN  
FROM HIS MARRIAGE TO HIS DEATH

BY  
JOHN BURNET  
BISHOP OF SALISBURY

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## COMMODITY LOANS AND PURCHASES

## LOAN AND PURCHASE RATES - 1975 CROP YEAR

County	Wheat (# 1)	Barley (# 2)	Oats (# 3)
Beaverhead	\$ 1.23	\$ .84	\$ .57
Big Horn	1.24	.80	.51
Blaine	1.25	.75	.47
Broadwater	1.29	.87	.53
Carbon	1.25	.80	.52
Carter	1.25	.72	.47
Cascade	1.28	.83	.52
Chouteau	1.28	.79	.49
Custer	1.24	.74	.47
Daniels	1.23	.71	.45
Dawson	1.25	.74	.44
Deer Lodge	1.30	.90	.55
Fallon	1.26	.72	.45
Fergus	1.27	.81	.49
Flathead	1.31	.95	.55
Gallatin	1.30	.90	.54
Garfield	1.23	.75	.47
Glacier	1.28	.82	.52
Golden Valley	1.27	.80	.51
Granite	1.30	.88	.56
Hill	1.26	.78	.48
Jefferson	1.30	.90	.54
Judith Basin	1.27	.80	.50
Lake	1.30	.88	.56
Lewis & Clark	1.28	.81	.54
Liberty	1.27	.80	.49
Lincoln	1.31	.95	.57
McCone	1.24	.74	.45
Madison	1.30	.90	.55
Meagher	1.28	.84	.52
Mineral	1.30	.92	.57
Missoula	1.30	.92	.56
Musselshell	1.25	.79	.50
Park	1.29	.88	.54
Petroleum	1.25	.77	.48
Phillips	1.24	.72	.47
Pondera	1.28	.81	.51
Powder River	1.24	.74	.49
Powell	1.30	.90	.55
Prairie	1.25	.74	.46
Ravalli	1.28	.88	.56
Richland	1.25	.71	.44
Roosevelt	1.24	.71	.44
Rosebud	1.23	.75	.49
Sanders	1.30	.92	.57
Sheridan	1.24	.70	.44
Silver Bow	1.30	.90	.55
Stillwater	1.27	.80	.52
Sweet Grass	1.28	.83	.53
Teton	1.28	.81	.51
Toole	1.27	.81	.50
Treasure	1.24	.75	.50
Valley	1.23	.72	.46
Wheatland	1.28	.81	.52
Wibaux	1.26	.72	.44
Yellowstone	1.25	.80	.52

Corn (# 2) - \$1.19 per bushel in all counties

Honey (White) - 26.3 cents per pound in all counties

Rye (#2) - 75 cents per bushel in all counties

Loans and purchases were not offered on Flax and Beans in 1975.





U. S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE  
 AGRICULTURAL STABILIZATION AND CONSERVATION SERVICE  
 ASCS LOANS MADE BY COUNTY OFFICES

STATE - MONTANA

PAGE NO. 2  
 1975 CRGP YEAR COMM.  
 CUTOFF - DEC. 31, 1976

	BARLEY NEW LOANS	OATS NEW LOANS	WHEAT NEW LOANS	BINS & DRYER NEW LOANS
FLATHEAD				6
UNIT				18,097
AMT.				13,644
GALLATIN	3		8	12
UNIT	4,914		79,880	53,698
AMT.	4,422		103,709	19,338
GARFIELD				5
UNIT				52,200
AMT.				11,340
GLACIER	22		16	22
UNIT	313,560		167,390	318,984
AMT.	257,120		214,259	123,213
GN VALLEY			3	1
UNIT			34,740	25,000
AMT.			44,119	6,177
HILL	1	1	22	33
UNIT	9,000	3,600	362,103	320,050
AMT.	7,020	1,728	450,398	107,319
JEFFERSON	4		4	1
UNIT	17,370		80,235	17,206
AMT.	15,633		104,305	5,300
JUDITH BASIN	1		5	12
UNIT	9,000		29,031	114,738
AMT.	7,200		36,869	44,512
LAKE	2		1	7
UNIT	18,675		26,685	28,954
AMT.	16,434		34,690	10,763
LEW & CLK			1	2
UNIT			5,400	10,013
AMT.			6,912	3,593
LIBERTY			7	4
UNIT			66,780	42,501
AMT.			84,810	13,116
LINCOLN				1
UNIT				12,036
AMT.				4,176
MCCONE	2		9	2
UNIT	10,800		100,357	14,516
AMT.	7,992		124,692	8,274

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U. S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE  
 AGRICULTURAL STABILIZATION AND CONSERVATION SERVICE  
 A SCS LOANS MADE BY COUNTY OFFICES

STATE - MONTANA

PAGE NO. 3  
 1975 CROP YEAR COMM.  
 CUTOFF - DEC. 31, 1976

	BARLEY NEW LOANS	OATS NEW LOANS	WHEAT NEW LOANS	BINS & DRYER NEW LOANS
MADISON	1 2,880 2,592			
MEAGHER			1 2,250 2,880	
MUSLSHELL			1 12,600 15,750	
PARK	2 18,322 16,123		3 13,899 17,814	2 34,400 11,703
PHILLIPS	2 6,600 4,752		1 4,230 5,245	6 22,134 9,498
PONDERA	8 94,491 76,537		26 298,963 382,587	7 65,655 32,077
POWELL				1 2,000 980
RAVALLI				6 54,751 17,940
RICHLAND			14 168,628 210,784	3 10,097 3,033
ROOSEVELT	3 10,900 7,739	1 1,350 594	33 241,161 299,091	4 27,000 8,378
ROSEBUD				2 73,500 11,350
SANDERS			2 30,933 40,212	
SHERIDAN	1 11,475 8,032		25 262,280 325,205	5 21,980 7,039

U. S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE  
 AGRICULTURAL STABILIZATION AND CONSERVATION SERVICE  
 ASCS LOANS MADE BY COUNTY OFFICES

STATE - MONTANA

PAGE NO. 4

1975 CROP YEAR COMM.  
 CUTOFF - DEC. 31, 1976

	BARLEY	OATS	WHEAT	BINS & DRYER
	NEW LOANS	NEW LOANS	NEW LOANS	NEW LOANS
STILLWATER	2	20	1	
UNIT	6,480	112,312	3,300	
AMT.	5,184	142,021	1,460	
SMT GRASS	2	4		
UNIT	8,550	123,435		
AMT.	7,096	157,996		
TETON	2	7	19	
UNIT	16,740	36,150	125,916	
AMT.	13,559	46,272	40,486	
TOOLE	21	47	12	
UNIT	177,819	523,134	74,610	
AMT.	144,033	666,101	44,285	
TREASURE	3	3		
UNIT		9,203		
AMT.		11,411		
VALLEY		1	12	
UNIT		3,150	65,225	
AMT.		3,874	25,917	
WHEATLAND		1		
UNIT		6,300		
AMT.		8,064		
WIBAUX		3	3	
UNIT		21,695	9,900	
AMT.		27,335	3,142	
YELLOWSTN	1	16	3	
UNIT	3,432	135,071	7,325	
AMT.	2,745	168,836	3,083	
STATE	109	7	317	
UNIT	975,833	17,630	2,764,265	
TOTAL	800,453	8,834	971,284	
BINS AND DRYER				

DATA IS FOR 1976 CALENDAR YEAR.

# FARM STORAGE LOANS

From Inception of Program 1949 Through 1976

County	Number of Loans	Total Bushels	Total Disbursed
Beaverhead	53	591,499	\$ 170,813
Big Horn	352	2,475,634	664,169
Blaine	337	2,529,705	605,173
Broadwater	208	1,548,204	433,772
Carbon	204	744,570	214,567
Carter	200	944,092	300,592
Cascade	222	1,805,784	442,909
Chouteau	643	6,116,015	1,398,171
Custer	140	886,369	250,913
Daniels	476	2,947,591	741,043
Dawson	241	1,936,392	530,713
Deer Lodge	2	3,200	937
Fallon	317	1,732,446	536,531
Fergus	367	2,397,075	593,304
Flathead	112	544,757	148,831
Gallatin	229	863,435	253,236
Garfield	74	596,283	131,019
Glacier	506	6,517,724	1,363,318
Golden Valley	39	287,149	60,979
Granite	6	12,550	3,736
Hill	868	8,377,849	2,016,821
Jefferson	28	247,304	70,095
Judith Basin	227	1,528,518	431,947
Lake	126	381,889	95,865
Lewis & Clark	49	287,816	72,881
Liberty	264	3,127,533	756,279
Lincoln	2	42,036	13,448
McCone	421	3,165,504	779,053
Madison	43	169,978	49,748
Meagher	24	146,615	58,495
Missoula	9	17,550	5,077
Musselshell	48	175,130	42,875
Park	23	147,450	48,069
Petroleum	9	28,000	9,736
Phillips	371	1,824,022	430,192
Pondera	555	4,854,277	1,093,657
Powder River	66	367,202	86,529
Powell	12	24,450	8,132
Prairie	112	622,694	150,001
Ravalli	19	91,351	27,169
Richland	483	3,428,167	176,363
Roosevelt	333	2,725,066	646,237
Rosebud	152	800,542	204,408
Sanders	13	58,861	17,538
Sheridan	619	4,220,861	983,756
Silver Bow	2	5,000	1,499
Stillwater	247	1,599,603	421,715
Sweet Grass	29	221,305	46,565
Teton	421	2,299,759	542,733
Toole	528	5,780,392	1,443,473
Treasure	66	227,974	77,767
Valley	552	3,713,466	923,073
Wheatland	36	234,361	58,847
Wibaux	199	1,444,193	425,114
Yellowstone	204	1,609,545	422,119
TOTALS	11,888	89,476,737	22,282,002

## CROPLAND ADJUSTMENT PROGRAM

Inasmuch as Cropland Adjustment Program agreements were written for a maximum period of ten years, all 1966 agreements still in effect expired at the end of 1975. This left only 44 regular agreements remaining in effect for the 1976 program year, and they all expired on December 31, 1976.

Due to several producers exercising their option to cancel Public Access agreements, there were only nine of them in effect for 1976. The acreage covered by these agreements were open to the public for hunting, fishing, trapping, and hiking.

Haying or grazing of designated acreage not covered by Public Access agreements was authorized with a very nominal payment reduction assessed for this privilege.



1976 CAP STATISTICS

Regular Agreements

County	No. Agreements	Designated Acreage	Amount Paid
Broadwater	1	288.6	\$ 1,731.60
Custer	1	40.0	1,874.08
Dawson	10	602.0	18,898.39
Fallon	5	612.7	4,838.59
McCone	2	547.9	3,308.09
Missoula	1	87.0	490.00
Musselshell	2	301.0	2,172.94
Prairie	2	778.8	6,036.33
Richland	6	1,082.6	17,479.41
Roosevelt	4	559.2	6,406.70
Sheridan	4	904.9	6,760.50
Teton	1	313.0	2,504.00
Wheatland	2	930.0	6,793.00
Wibaux	3	835.0	5,381.33
TOTALS	44	7,882.7	84,674.96

Public Access Agreements

County	No. Agreements	Designated Acreage	Amount Paid
Dawson	3	115.0	172.50
Fallon	1	130.7	0
Prairie	2	778.8	1,111.05
Sheridan	2	719.8	404.40
Wibaux	1	422.7	0
TOTALS	9	2,167.0	1,687.95



## FORESTRY INCENTIVES PROGRAM

The FIP was authorized by Congress for the specific purpose of increasing the Nation's supply of timber products. FIP is a production program with emphasis placed upon:

- A Increasing the future supply of softwood saw timber.
- B Continued sustained yield, multi-purpose management of private non-industrial forest land.
- C Cost-effectiveness of forest improvement practices as measured by a continuing evaluation.

FIP is jointly administered by ASCS and the U.S. Forest Service. Arrangements have been made by the Forest Service for the Division of Forestry, Montana Department of Natural Resources and Conservation, to furnish the on-the-farm technical service. The program is offered only in designated Western Montana counties with high potential timber production. Only two practices are offered, tree planting and timber stand improvement. The level of cost-sharing is 75 % in Montana. Both an annual program and long term agreements are offered similar to ACP. The accomplishments under this program are shown below:

### Accomplishments Under FIP in Montana (May 1977 through September 1976)

<u>Practices</u>	<u># of Co.s</u>	<u># of Participants</u>	<u>Acres Performed</u>	<u>Cost-Shares Paid</u>
Planting Trees	1	1	5	\$ 547
Timber Stand Imprvmnt	6	23	289	20,764
Total Cost-Shares				\$ 21,311



# THE HISTORY OF THE UNITED STATES

The history of the United States is a story of growth and change. From the first settlers to the present day, the nation has evolved through various stages of development. The early years were marked by exploration and settlement, followed by a period of rapid expansion and industrialization. The American Revolution was a pivotal moment in the nation's history, leading to the establishment of a new government and the declaration of independence. The 19th century was a time of great change, with the Civil War and the Reconstruction era shaping the nation's future. The 20th century has been a period of significant progress, with the United States becoming a global superpower and a leader in science and technology.

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## WATER BANK PROGRAM

Under the Water Bank Act a program was authorized to be carried out in important migratory waterfowl nesting and breeding areas. The purpose of the program is to prevent serious loss of wetlands, and to preserve, restore and improve inland fresh water and adjacent areas for the benefit of migratory waterfowl. The first ten year agreements were signed in 1972. Annual payments are made each year of the ten year agreement.

In entering into an agreement, the owner or operator agrees:

(1) not to drain, burn, fill or otherwise destroy the wetland character of areas placed under the agreement, nor to use such areas for agricultural purposes, as determined by the Secretary, and

(2) to carry out the wetland conservation and development plan for his land in accordance with the terms of the agreement.

The program was applicable in seven Montana counties in 1976 as follows:

	<u>No. of</u> <u>Agreements</u>	<u>Wetland Acres</u>	<u>Adjacent</u> <u>Upland Acres</u>	<u>Annual</u> <u>Payments</u>
Daniels	19	390	1,064	\$ 13,419
Glacier	2	62	251	3,369
Pondera	12	217	424	6,920
Roosevelt	10	319	644	8,059
Sheridan	18	463	1,545	19,492
Teton	4	220	601	8,910
Toole	15	342	769	10,569
TOTALS	80	2,013	5,298	\$ 70,738





# WHEAT & FEED GRAIN DISASTER PROGRAMS

The Agriculture and Consumer Protection Act of 1973 provides for wheat and feed grain disaster programs for the crop years 1974 through 1977. Although the law provides for the set-aside of cropland as a payment eligibility provision the Secretary determined that none would be required for 1976 and that there would be no seeding restrictions. The programs afforded producers having wheat and feed grain allotments an opportunity to:

1. Earn deficiency payments to maintain reasonable farm income in the event of low market prices.
2. Earn disaster payments to help offset crop losses they may suffer that are attributable to a natural disaster.

Deficiency payments - Payments were authorized to be made whenever the average market price during the first 5 months of the marketing year for the commodity fell below the established price. The established prices were: Wheat - \$2.29, Barley - \$1.28, Corn - \$1.57, and Grain Sorghum - \$1.49. The payment was to be computed by multiplying the farm allotment times the established farm yield times the difference between the established price and the 5 month average market price. Inasmuch as the 5 month average market price did not fall below the established price for any of the program crops no deficiency payments were made in 1976.

Disaster payments - There were two types of disaster payments - those for prevented planting and those for abnormally low yields. In both cases the COC was required to determine that the prevented planting or low yield was caused by a natural disaster or reason beyond the control of the producer.

The disaster per bushel payment rates by commodity were: Wheat - 76¢, Corn - 52¢, Barley - 43¢, and Grain Sorghum - 50¢.

Prevented planting payments were authorized to be made on an acreage equal to the difference between the actual plantings of annual non-conserving crops and the smaller of the sum of the wheat and feed grain allotments or the intended plantings.

Low yield payments were authorized when the producer's total bushel production (actual and appraised) fell below the farm's disaster yield times the smaller of the allotment or seeded acreage. The farm's disaster yield for a commodity was computed by multiplying the farm established yield by a factor determined by dividing the county's ten year average yield by its current year check yield for that commodity. Eligibility for payment was determined by programs separately unless the farm was in substitution, in which event the combined allotments and production were considered. A farm was considered in substitution if the wheat allotment was overseeded and the total feed grain allotment underseeded or vice versa. Once a farm was determined eligible for payment the earned amount was computed by multiplying the bushels of underproduction by the bushel payment rate.

The wheat and feed grain disaster program statistics found on the following pages were extracted from the statistical report compiled by the computer as of May 31, 1976.



# PROCEEDINGS OF THE 1988 ANNUAL MEETING OF THE AMERICAN SOCIETY OF CLIMATE ENGINEERS

The American Society of Climate Engineers (ASCE) was founded in 1988 to promote the development and application of climate engineering technology. The Society's primary concern is the advancement of the science and technology of climate engineering, and the promotion of the use of climate engineering in the design and construction of buildings, structures, and systems.

The Society's activities include the publication of a journal, the holding of annual meetings, and the sponsorship of research and development projects. The Society also provides a forum for the exchange of ideas and information among its members.

The Society's membership is open to all individuals who are interested in the field of climate engineering. The Society's membership is divided into several categories, including individual, corporate, and institutional.

The Society's annual meeting is the primary event for the exchange of ideas and information among its members. The meeting is held in a different location each year, and typically includes a series of lectures, workshops, and exhibits.

The Society's journal, the *Journal of Climate Engineering*, is published annually. The journal contains articles on the latest research and developments in the field of climate engineering.

The Society's research and development projects are funded by a variety of sources, including the Society's own funds, and grants from the federal government and private industry.

The Society's primary goal is to advance the science and technology of climate engineering, and to promote the use of climate engineering in the design and construction of buildings, structures, and systems.

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## 1976 WHEAT PROGRAM

County	Number of Farms	Allotment Acres
Beaverhead	47	10,380
Big Horn	372	73,817
Blaine	470	97,127
Broadwater	132	29,725
Carbon	323	30,571
Carter	156	29,528
Cascade	700	142,696
Chouteau	1059	378,798
Custer	176	25,399
Daniels	629	226,000
Dawson	563	144,763
Deer Lodge	16	1,191
Fallon	336	94,209
Fergus	765	175,172
Flathead	522	26,378
Gallatin	552	69,960
Garfield	190	46,454
Glacier	223	60,373
Golden Valley	110	19,609
Granite	15	727
Hill	798	345,928
Jefferson	30	8,991
Judith Basin	344	90,034
Lake	216	15,241
Lewis & Clark	99	15,246
Liberty	362	181,508
Lincoln	9	289
McCone	565	182,639
Madison	75	9,966
Meagher	32	4,716
Mineral	11	484
Missoula	91	6,765
Musselshell	102	17,454
Park	166	24,204
Petroleum	50	7,445
Phillips	392	99,775
Pondera	544	167,039
Powder River	182	31,716
Powell	47	4,330
Prairie	187	40,958
Ravalli	90	4,695
Richland	781	155,829
Roosevelt	1032	281,433
Rosebud	158	25,830
Sanders	73	6,040
Sheridan	910	244,217
Silver Bow	1	5
Stillwater	290	68,660
Sweet Grass	110	12,134
Teton	747	183,321
Toole	444	174,050
Treasure	48	5,391
Valley	1047	252,763
Wheatland	80	11,503
Wibaux	283	60,975
Yellowstone	681	89,410
TOTALS	18,433	4,513,861

## 1976 FEED GRAIN PROGRAM

County	Barley		Corn		Feed Grain Reserve Acres Held
	Number Farms	Allotment Acres	Number Farms	Allotment Acres	
Beaverhead	61	4,836	--	--	0
Big Horn	342	24,219	97	2,082	1
Blaine	438	43,826	36	1,057	6
Broadwater	131	8,660	11	177	1
Carbon	306	9,135	99	924	0
Carter	144	7,457	95	3,499	3
Cascade	641	49,776	24	750	5
Chouteau	1045	146,646	23	631	0
Custer	128	6,150	119	3,845	3
Daniels	601	45,523	55	1,714	5
Dawson	513	29,260	280	11,520	6
Deer Lodge	16	931	--	--	0
Fallon	309	15,964	231	11,731	6
Fergus	738	59,038	17	517	4
Flathead	489	13,725	9	72	2
Gallatin	512	25,450	21	355	2
Garfield	164	10,334	45	1,214	1
Glacier	242	78,948	00	--	0
Golden Valley	97	4,760	8	50	1
Granite	24	948	--	--	0
Hill	788	142,760	19	320	4
Jefferson	36	2,796	--	--	0
Judith Basin	335	29,325	3	87	0
Lake	193	4,356	10	128	2
Lewis & Clark	93	5,516	3	71	0
Liberty	349	65,528	3	77	0
Lincoln	4	33	--	--	0
McCone	519	33,770	186	5,287	7
Madison	81	3,448	2	19	0
Meagher	27	2,546	--	--	0
Mineral	9	150	--	--	0
Missoula	100	2,745	3	54	1
Musselshell	95	4,542	18	551	1
Park	140	7,095	--	--	0
Petroleum	52	3,574	9	155	0
Phillips	325	21,239	51	1,007	1
Pondera	548	82,170	--	--	5
Powder River	143	5,193	30	601	1
Powell	49	2,767	1	87	0
Prairie	145	5,428	137	4,410	2
Ravalli	113	3,214	24	315	2
Richland	720	32,338	434	14,708	6
Roosevelt	954	48,057	248	6,925	10
Rosebud	137	8,331	67	1,988	1
Sanders	80	1,969	--	--	0
Sheridan	868	61,896	162	4,163	0
Silver Bow	3	30	--	--	0
Stillwater	318	20,584	39	771	2
Sweet Grass	141	6,868	2	11	1
Teton	728	64,262	13	101	9
Toole	448	95,456	3	62	0
Treasure	61	1,853	58	2,103	1
Valley	951	67,500	79	2,365	11
Wheatland	86	6,077	--	--	0
Wibaux	224	9,433	180	8,123	1
Yellowstone	676	31,060	353	6,019	7
TOTALS	17,480	1,469,495	3,276	100,646	121

1976 WHEAT AND FEED GRAIN PROGRAMS  
Production for Payment (Bu.)  
Primarily Low Yield

County	Corn	Barley	Wheat
Beaverhead	0	0	0
Big Horn	9,685	21,881	37,235
Blaine	0	0	1,293
Broadwater	0	0	0
Carbon	0	6,923	13,910
Carter	0	1,901	10,088
Cascade	0	6,038	176,917
Chouteau	0	18,801	254,180
Custer	0	5,110	8,660
Daniels *	0	1,071	1,185
Dawson	0	13,303	76,415
Deer Lodge	0	0	0
Fallon	1,654	5,582	28,919
Fergus	0	44,363	41,525
Flathead	0	0	0
Gallatin	0	13,495	5,409
Garfield	1,446	11,852	74,438
Glacier	0	0	0
Golden Valley	0	0	23,740
Granite	0	0	0
Hill	0	5,018	84,896
Jefferson	0	942	36,045
Lake	0	0	0
Lewis & Clark	0	0	0
Liberty	0	0	18,393
Lincoln	0	0	0
McCone	0	40,838	207,583
Madison	0	0	0
Meagher	0	0	0
Mineral	0	0	0
Missoula	0	0	0
Musselshell	0	404	17,945
Park	0	4,590	1,718
Petroleum	0	11,222	4,056
Phillips	0	0	18,395
Pondera	0	2,440	14,274
Powder River	0	1,088	15,327
Powell	0	0	0
Prairie	142	11,726	176,549
Ravalli	0	0	0
Richland	0	9,081	88,261
Roosevelt	0	2,572	12,452
Rosebud	0	1,954	9,011
Sanders	0	728	7,030
Sheridan **	0	1,607	2,995
Silver Bow	0	0	0
Stillwater **	0	9,152	27,141
Sweet Grass	0	429	6,298
Teton *	0	2,390	68,712
Toole	0	0	6,870
Treasure	0	0	1,668
Valley	0	9,954	119,939
Wheatland	0	0	6,174
Wibaux	1,039	1,278	12,866
Yellowstone	0	6,470	83,870
TOTALS	13,966	274,203	1,802,381

\* Includes 1 farm with prevented planting

\*\* Includes 2 farms with prevented planting

1976 WHEAT AND FEED GRAIN PROGRAM  
Net Payments to Producers  
Primarily Low Yield

County	Corn	Barley	Wheat	Total	No. Farms
Beaverhead	0	0	0	0	0
Big Horn	\$ 5,036	\$ 9,409	\$ 28,298	\$ 42,744	12
Blaine	0	0	0	0	0
Broadwater	0	0	983	983	1
Carbon	0	2,977	10,571	13,548	9
Carter	0	817	7,667	8,485	5
Cascade	0	2,596	134,457	137,053	60
Chouteau	0	8,085	193,176	201,261	38
Custer	0	2,197	6,582	8,779	5
Daniels *	0	461	901	1,361	2
Dawson	0	5,720	58,075	63,796	17
Deer Lodge	0	0	0	0	0
Fallon	860	2,400	21,978	25,238	13
Fergus	0	19,076	31,559	50,635	24
Flathead	0	0	0	0	0
Gallatin	0	5,803	4,111	9,914	11
Garfield	752	5,096	56,573	62,421	17
Glacier	0	0	0	0	0
Golden Valley	0	0	18,042	18,042	10
Granite	0	0	0	0	0
Hill	0	2,158	64,521	66,679	17
Jefferson	0	0	0	0	0
Judith Basin	0	405	27,394	27,800	9
Lake	0	0	0	0	0
Liberty	0	0	13,979	13,979	2
Lincoln	0	0	0	0	0
McCone	0	17,560	157,763	175,323	62
Madison	0	0	0	0	0
Meagher	0	0	0	0	0
Mineral	0	0	0	0	0
Missoula	0	0	0	0	0
Musselshell	0	174	13,638	13,812	4
Park	0	1,974	1,306	3,279	4
Petroleum	0	4,825	3,083	7,908	7
Phillips	0	0	13,980	13,980	5
Pondera	0	1,049	10,848	11,897	6
Powder River	0	468	11,649	12,116	5
Powell	0	0	0	0	0
Prairie	74	5,042	134,177	139,293	33
Ravalli	0	0	0	0	0
Richland	0	3,905	67,078	70,983	23
Roosevelt	0	1,106	9,464	10,569	5
Rosebud	0	840	6,848	7,689	3
Sanders	0	313	5,343	5,656	6
Sheridan **	0	691	2,276	2,967	4
Silver Bow	0	0	0	0	0
Stillwater **	0	3,935	20,627	24,563	12
Sweet Grass	0	184	4,786	4,971	3
Teton *	0	1,028	52,221	53,249	13
Toole	0	0	5,221	5,221	3
Treasure	0	0	1,268	1,268	1
Valley	0	4,280	91,154	95,434	35
Wheatland	0	0	4,692	4,692	3
Wibaux	540	550	9,778	10,868	8
Yellowstone	0	2,782	63,741	66,523	15
<b>TOTALS</b>	<b>\$ 7,262</b>	<b>\$ 117,906</b>	<b>\$ 1,369,808</b>	<b>\$ 1,494,979</b>	<b>512</b>

\* Includes 1 farm with prevented planting

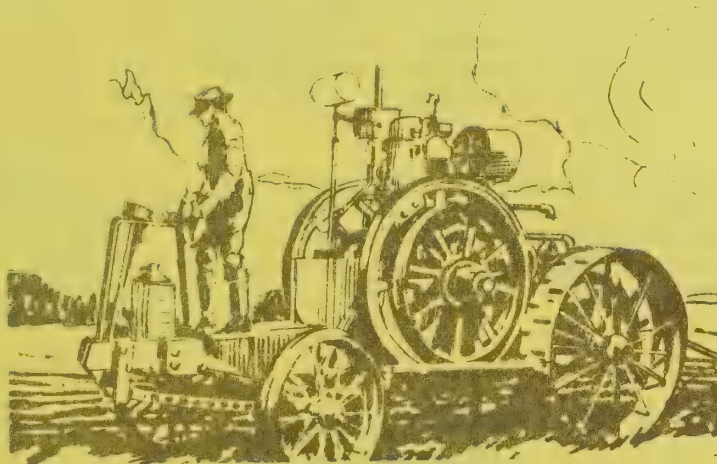
\*\* Includes 2 farms with prevented planting

## COMPLIANCE

In general, compliance with program requirements was determined by producer certification with administrative control visits being made on a random selection basis of the participating farms. Farms applying for wheat or feed grain disaster credit were all checked to determine extent of the disaster unless the county committee had prior knowledge of the disaster conditions. Farms applying for payment were all checked to determine accuracy of the producer's acreage report and to measure any farm stored production.

Producer measurement service was made available to all farmers for the purpose of determining official acreages on new breaking or changes in field boundaries and for determining quantities of farm-stored commodities. When done at the producer's request and for his convenience a nominal charge was made for this service.

Inasmuch as no reports were required of counties relative to extent of compliance work done, a consolidated statistical analysis of the state compliance program is not available.







## WOOL

Payments on shorn wool have been authorized since passage of the National Wool Act of 1954 as a means of encouraging increased domestic production. In recent years the incentive price has been fixed by formula to reflect parity index changes. The Agricultural and Consumer Protection Act of 1973 extended the program through 1977 and provided that the incentive price for the years 1974 through 1977 would be 72 cents per pound.

The objective of the program is to encourage production of approximately 300 million pounds of shorn wool annually at prices fair to producers and consumers and in a manner which will have the least adverse effect on foreign trade.

Payments are based on the difference between the incentive price--72 cents per pound for the 1975 marketing (Calendar) year--and the average price received by producers for all wool sold during the marketing year.

Computation of the incentive payment as a percent of each grower's return encourages him to produce the quality of wool the market demands and to market it at the best price obtainable.

Incentive payments are also made on the basis of the liveweight of shorn lambs marketed. This is designed to discourage unusual shearing of lambs prior to marketing.

The National Wool Act also recognized the desirability of increasing the market for wool and lambs and provided that growers could finance this market development. The Act authorized deductions from payments, after approval by growers in referendum, for the purpose of conducting advertising and sales promotion programs. Promotion programs are carried out in accordance with an agreement between the Secretary of Agriculture and the American Sheep Producers Council. The present agreement was approved by about 85 percent of the producers voting in the 1974 referendum.

The National average price received by growers for wool sold in 1975 was 44.7 cents per pound. Payments were made at the rate of 61.1 % on shorn wool market receipts and \$ 1.09 per hundredweight for unshorn lambs. Funds were furnished to the American Sheep Producers Council at the maximum rate of 1-1/2 ¢ per pound for shorn wool and 7-1/2 ¢ per hundredweight of unshorn lambs.





## 1975 MARKETING YEAR

County	INCENTIVE EARNED		Promotion Fund Ded.	Net Payment <sup>1/</sup> To Producers
	¢ per pound	Total		
Beaverhead	28.1	\$ 107,375	5,723	\$ 101,652
Big Horn	32.4	9,935	460	9,475
Blaine	26.8	24,932	1,394	23,538
Broadwater	29.5	19,831	1,010	18,822
Carbon	29.1	51,914	2,677	49,237
Carter	35.2	385,520	16,345	369,176
Cascade	18.7	30,245	1,651	28,593
Chouteau	26.9	4,282	239	4,044
Custer	30.4	59,545	2,820	56,725
Daniels	30.8	18,566	904	17,662
Dawson	28.1	20,225	1,079	19,146
Deer Lodge	21.9	2,972	204	2,768
Fallon	26.2	13,396	767	12,629
Fergus	26.8	30,705	1,716	28,989
Flathead	26.5	3,924	222	3,703
Gallatin	29.4	30,482	1,556	28,926
Garfield	32.4	193,861	8,964	184,897
Glacier	24.2	5,574	346	5,229
Golden Valley	41.5	45,382	1,640	43,743
Granite	28.6	2,224	117	2,108
Hill	27.5	2,664	145	2,518
Jefferson	25.0	2,452	147	2,305
Judith Basin	29.4	24,145	1,233	22,912
Lake	28.4	5,248	202	4,955
Lewis & Clark	32.0	35,046	1,504	32,452
Liberty	22.6	105	7	98
Lincoln	25.1	296	18	278
McCone	32.9	66,393	3,032	63,361
Madison	23.9	26,035	1,632	24,404
Meagher	35.7	30,978	1,300	29,678
Mineral	30.2	826	41	785
Missoula	28.3	1,929	102	1,827
Musselshell	29.0	29,713	1,535	28,177
Park	22.4	8,027	538	7,489
Petroleum	28.9	19,449	1,010	18,439
Phillips	33.2	37,152	1,678	35,474
Pondera	25.4	15,624	922	14,702
Powder River	29.4	84,749	4,317	80,431
Powell	26.4	9,709	552	9,158
Prairie	28.6	12,922	679	12,243
Ravalli	28.7	21,710	1,133	20,577
Richland	20.4	29,305	1,570	27,735
Roosevelt	29.1	18,553	918	17,635
Rosebud	32.9	35,406	1,611	33,795
Sanders	25.9	2,846	165	2,681
Sheridan	30.0	8,941	447	8,494
Silver Bow	26.4	150	9	142
Stillwater	34.1	45,205	1,983	43,222
Sweet Grass	36.1	65,095	2,701	62,394
Teton	24.4	49,891	3,071	46,820
Toole	23.8	13,814	871	12,943
Treasure	33.2	2,960	134	2,826
Valley	28.5	17,408	917	16,491
Wheatland	27.9	76,777	4,017	72,760
Wibaux	25.4	4,593	271	4,322
Yellowstone	31.0	24,372	1,180	23,192
TOTALS		1,891,378	91,606	1,798,777

## 1975 MARKETING YEAR

## Shorn Wool

County	No. of applic.	Pounds of Wool Sold	Sales Proceeds	
			Ave. ¢ per lb.	Total
Beaverhead	54	381,556	46.2	\$ 176,395
Big Horn	29	30,651	53.1	16,260
Blaine	44	92,935	43.9	40,805
Broadwater	17	67,315	48.2	32,457
Carbon	112	178,507	47.6	84,965
Carter	168	1,095,880	57.8	633,176
Cascade	26	161,592	42.0	67,880
Chouteau	13	15,914	44.0	7,009
Custer	31	195,882	51.2	100,268
Daniels	11	60,280	50.4	30,386
Dawson	28	71,910	46.0	33,101
Deer Lodge	4	13,581	35.8	4,863
Fallon	32	51,153	42.9	21,925
Fergus	72	114,597	43.9	50,326
Flathead	33	14,827	43.4	6,438
Gallatin	85	103,758	48.1	49,895
Garfield	75	597,613	53.1	317,285
Glacier	9	23,038	39.6	9,123
Golden Valley	21	109,326	67.9	74,276
Granite	7	7,770	46.9	3,641
Hill	8	9,696	45.0	4,360
Jefferson	16	9,813	40.9	4,013
Judith Basin	24	82,204	48.1	39,517
Lake	41	19,504	44.0	8,589
Lewis & Clark	18	106,249	52.4	55,721
Liberty	1	464	36.9	171
Lincoln	3	1,180	41.0	484
McCone	25	202,108	53.8	108,663
Madison	55	108,953	39.2	42,664
Meagher	3	86,675	58.5	50,700
Mineral	4	2,733	49.5	1,351
Missoula	21	6,812	46.4	3,158
Musselshell	27	102,353	47.5	48,631
Park	47	35,851	36.6	13,137
Petroleum	10	67,364	47.2	31,832
Phillips	33	111,856	54.4	60,805
Pondera	17	61,493	41.6	25,573
Powder River	70	287,837	48.2	138,705
Powell	15	36,793	43.2	15,891
Prairie	16	45,255	46.7	21,149
Ravalli	136	75,681	47.0	35,576
Richland	39	143,466	43.1	61,803
Roosevelt	17	63,829	49.0	31,298
Rosebud	10	107,399	53.9	57,947
Sanders	15	10,975	42.4	4,657
Sheridan	17	29,825	49.1	14,634
Silver Bow	2	569	43.2	246
Stillwater	88	132,491	55.9	74,081
Sweet Grass	94	180,073	59.2	106,545
Teton	34	204,717	40.0	81,655
Toole	10	58,093	38.9	22,610
Treasure	3	8,920	54.3	4,844
Valley	35	61,151	46.6	28,491
Wheatland	37	275,223	46.6	128,314
Wibaux	12	18,064	41.6	7,517
Yellowstone	61	78,694	50.7	39,889
TOTALS	1,935	6,222,448		3,135,695

## 1975 MARKETING YEAR

## Unshorn Lambs

County	Weight of Lambs Sold (Pounds)	Payment Earned	Promotion Fund Ded.
Beaverhead	1,196,237	\$ 13,039	\$ 897
Big Horn	132,470	1,444	99
Blaine	347,119	3,784	260
Broadwater	274,425	2,991	206
Carbon	1,250,023	13,701	943
Carter	4,050,104	44,146	3,037
Cascade	487,067	5,309	365
Chouteau	70,500	867	60
Custer	795,649	8,673	597
Daniels	159,693	1,741	120
Dawson	330,731	3,605	248
Deer Lodge	87,008	948	65
Fallon	264,558	2,884	198
Fergus	561,090	6,116	421
Flathead	62,128	677	47
Gallatin	388,987	4,240	202
Garfield	2,123,942	23,151	1,593
Glacier	138,585	1,511	104
Golden Valley	428,839	4,674	322
Granite	70,291	766	53
Hill	55,428	604	421
Jefferson	66,047	720	50
Judith Basin	341,445	3,722	256
Lake	172,690	1,882	129
Lewis & Clark	446,937	4,872	335
Liberty	--	--	--
Lincoln	7,430	81	6
McCone	888,940	9,689	667
Madison	402,839	5,372	370
Meagher	299,090	3,260	224
Mineral	22,040	240	17
Missoula	36,724	400	28
Musselshell	611,102	6,661	458
Park	291,708	3,180	219
Petroleum	226,385	2,468	170
Phillips	527,805	5,753	396
Pondera	336,086	3,663	252
Powder River	1,123,904	12,251	843
Powell	120,500	1,313	90
Prairie	167,925	1,830	126
Ravalli	585,643	6,383	439
Richland	439,089	4,786	329
Roosevelt	86,485	943	65
Rosebud	341,712	3,725	256
Sanders	11,165	122	8
Sheridan	70,450	768	53
Silver Bow	3,935	43	3
Stillwater	892,181	9,725	669
Sweet Grass	1,334,019	14,541	1,000
Teton	664,633	7,244	498
Toole	160,397	1,748	120
Treasure	37,255	406	28
Valley	303,322	3,306	227
Wheatland	934,639	10,188	701
Wibaux	87,020	949	65
Yellowstone	205,787	3,224	222
TOTALS	25,711,203	280,329	19,288







